LAKE COMBIE SEDIMENT & MERCURY REMOVAL PROJECT



PROJECT OWNER



MISSION STATEMENT

The District will provide a dependable, quality water supply; continue to be good stewards of the watersheds, while conserving the available resources in our care.

For more information regarding this project, please visit: www.nidwater.com/projects

PROJECT CONTRACTOR



MISSION STATEMENT

Committed to minimizing your risk and liability, through a culture of safety, innovation, and excellence.

PROJECT PARTNERS







PERMITTING AGENCIES



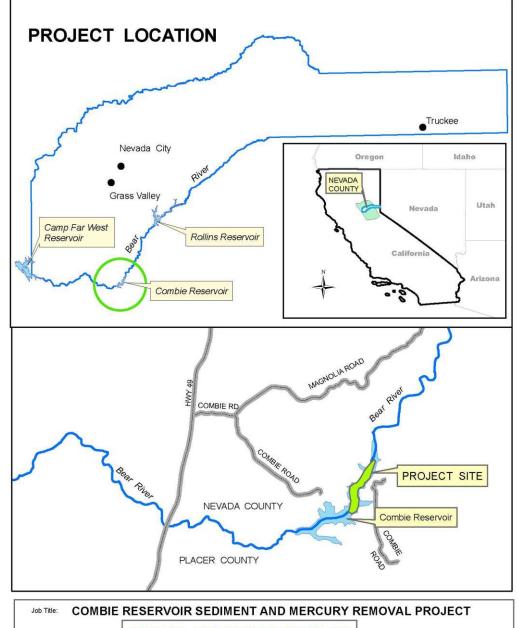




PROJECT FUNDING

Funding for this project has been provided in part by the Costa-Machado Water Act of 2000 (Proposition 13) and through an agreement with the State Department of Water Resources.











Project Purpose

The Combie Sediment & Mercury Removal Project is intended to:

- Remove accumulated sediment and mercury from Combie Reservoir, thus restoring reservoir capacity for agriculture, domestic drinking, hydroelectric power generation and recreation use.
- Measure and analyze ecological effects of MeHg concentrations in Combie prior and post removal activities.
- Develop an efficient, compliant and sustainable combination of processes for sediment removal at similar mercury-impacted reservoirs.



Methylmercury Bioaccumulation



Core Boring & Bulk Sediment Sampling 2016 - 2017







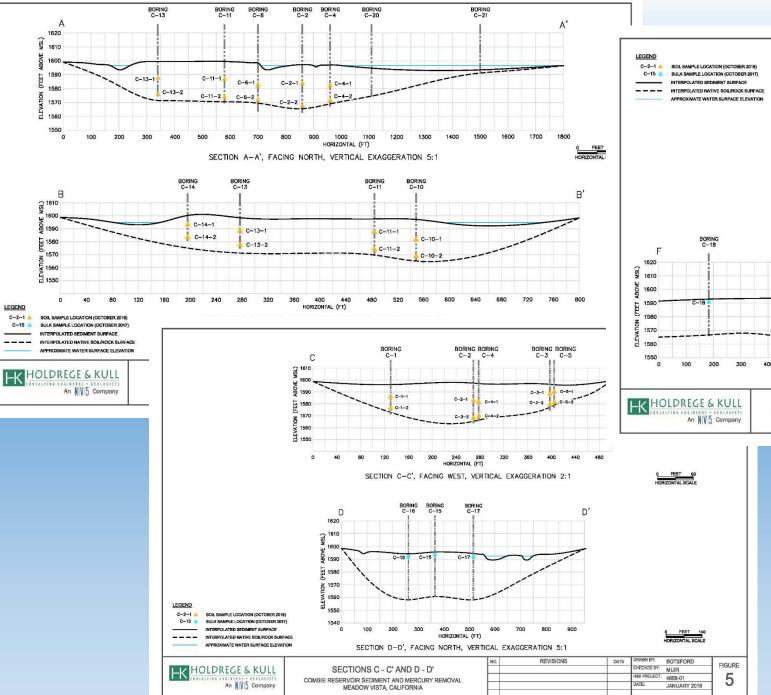


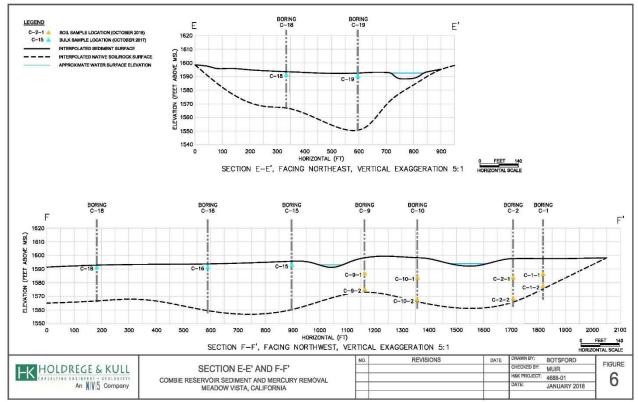
Sediment Pre-Project Boring 2016 / 2017





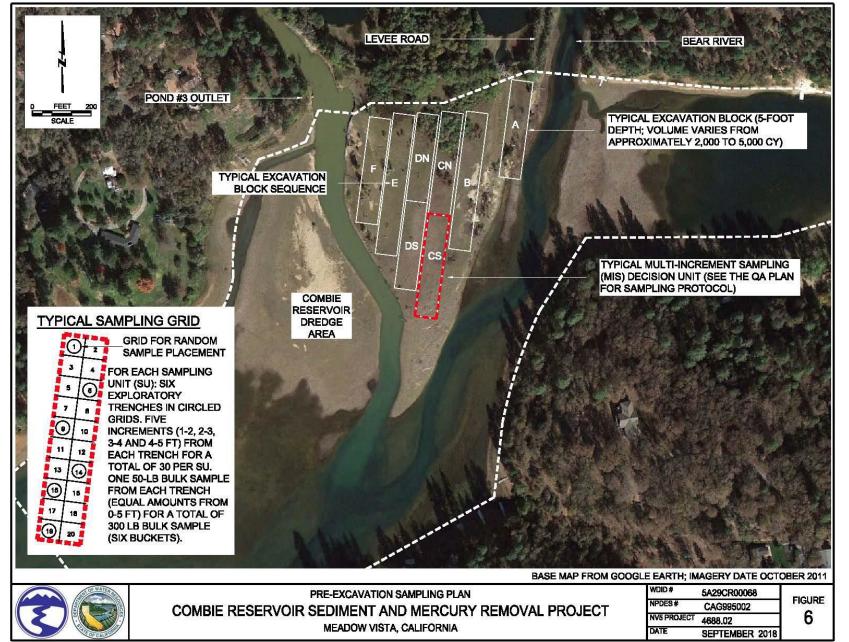
JANUARY 2018





Sediment Pre-Project
Boring 2016 / 2017
• ~ 5' – 50' Deep

Dry Excavation Preparation – Aug / Sept 2018





Bulk Sediment Sampling Aug/Sept 2018



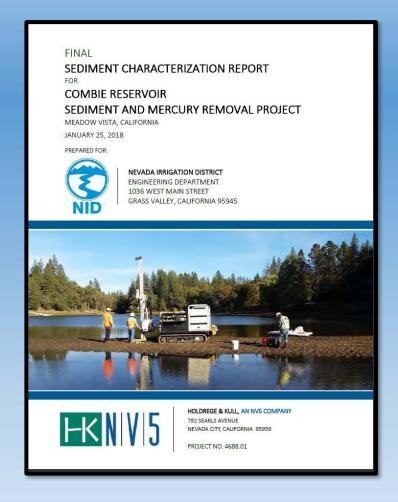


Sediment Core Boring Results

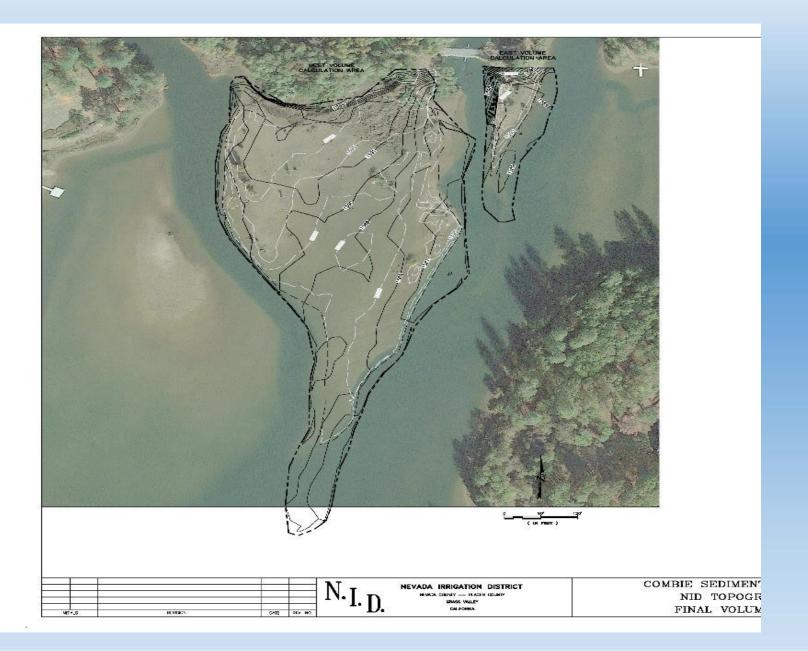
	Hg (ppm)
DTSC-SL & RSL's	1
Average	<0.42
C-1	0.22
C-2	0.18
C-3	0.61
C-4-1	<0.1
C-4-2	0.3
C-5	0.48
C-6	<.01
C-7-1	<.01
C-7-2	<.01
C-8	<.01
C-9	<.01
C-10-1	<.01
C-10-2	<.01
C-11-1	<.01
C-11-2	<.01
C-12-1	<.01
C-12-2	<.01
C-13	<.01
C-14	<.01
C-15	0.42
C-16	0.63
C-17	0.47
C-18	0.48
C-19	0.38

Additional 4,000 lbs Bulk Sampling

- > 0.2 to 0.4 ppm Hg in whole samples
- > 0.1 to 0.2 ppm Hg in the sand fractions
- > 0.4 to 0.6 ppm Hg in the silt fractions



Dry Excavation Survey – 40,000 cu/yd









Dry Excavation – Oct/Nov 2018





Dry Excavation – November 2018

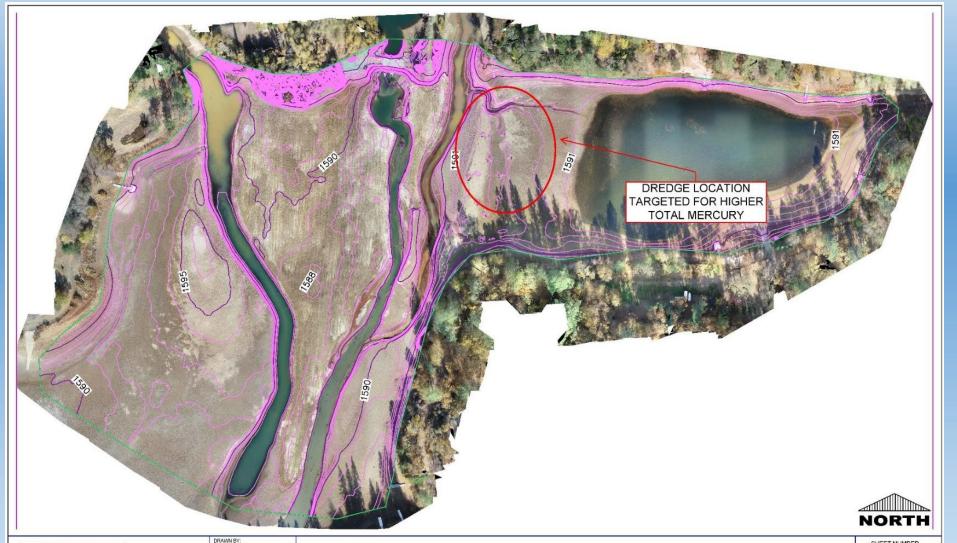






Dredging Execution – Spring/Summer 2019

Targeted dredge location for higher anticipated mercury concentration



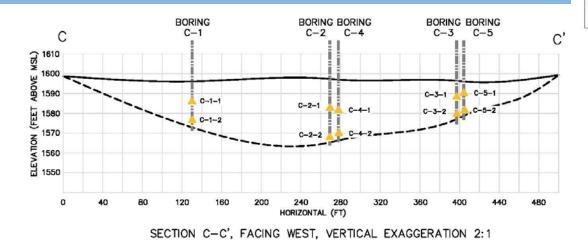


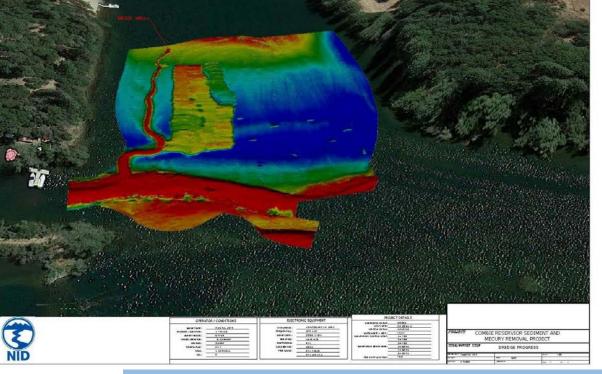
JENSEN

Dredging Execution – Spring/Summer 2019

PRECISION DREDGE PLAN

- Dredge locations and target sediment removal based on previous investigations
- Dredge areas located using GPS
- ➤ GPS positioning corresponding with Holdrege and Kull soil sample locations









Dredging Execution – Spring/Summer 2019



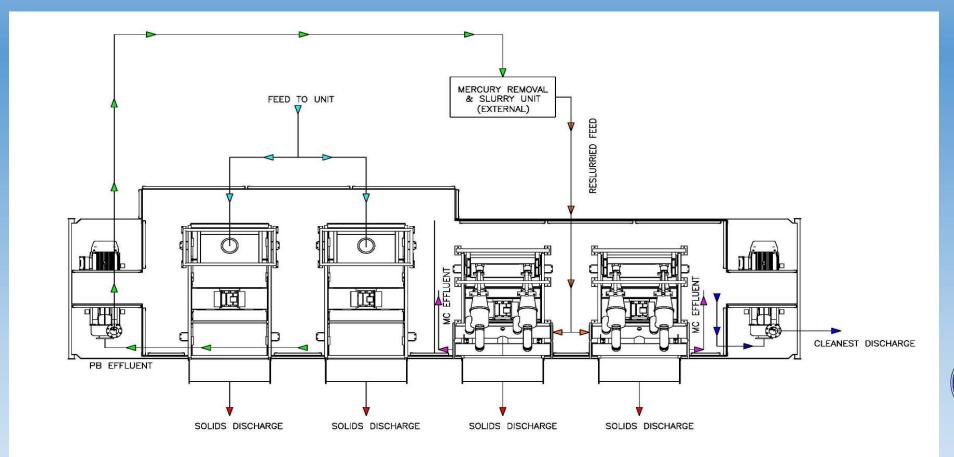


Treatment Process – Spring/Summer 2019



Treatment Process – Spring/Summer 2019

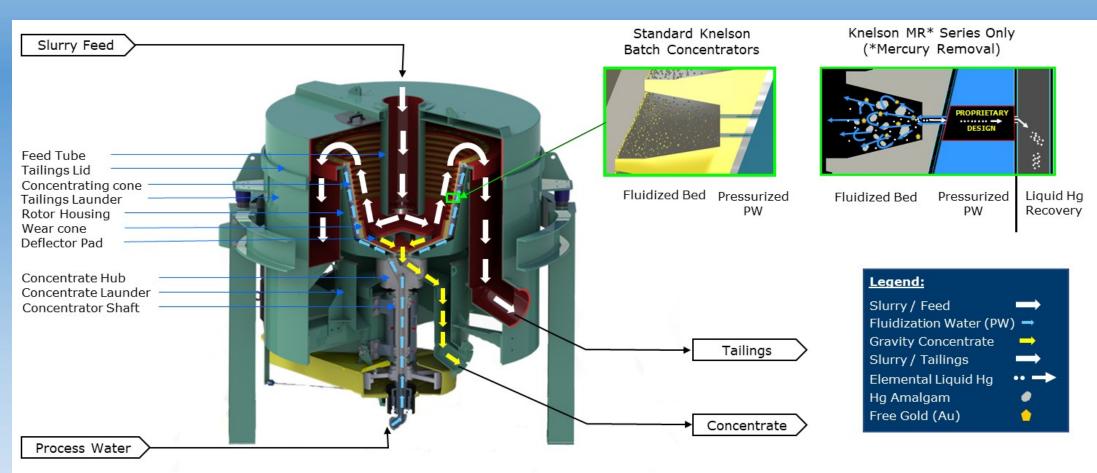
- > Treatment process diagram tri-flow, concentrator, and hydro cyclones
 - ➤ Material passes 10 mesh screen
 - > Effluent is pumped through concentrator
 - > Concentrator effluent then goes through hydro cyclone and process water is sent to flocculation circuit, settling pond





Concentrator Flow Diagram

- > 600-480 GPM, Assumed 11-15% solids in feed
- > Fluidization circuit connected from separate clean water feed
- > Concentrator tailings pumped to hydro cyclones for finer material removal







POST IT DAY

A project to post state-issued fish consumption advisories at Sierra reservoirs







Mercury was brought to the Sierra Nevada region for use in gold processing during California's Gold Rush. The most significant human health threat stemming from the resource extraction of that era is exposure to mercury through the consumption of contaminated fish.

OVERVIEW

Since 2015, The Sierra Fund (TSF) has organized an annual volunteer event to post fish consumption advisories, issued by the California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA), at regional water bodies. Fish consumption advice is communicated in terms of species, demographic group and the recommended maximum number of servings that can be safely consumed within one week. The goal of this project is to increase access to important guidelines for making healthy fish choices, especially for those with a higher exposure risk.

WHO'S AT RISK?

Mercury is a developmental neurotoxin. Sensitive populations include women of childbearing age and children. Additional at-risk populations include groups who consume fish at a higher rate than the general population, such as for cultural or subsistence diets.

WHY THE NEED?

While OEHHA issues fish consumption advisories, no agency is mandated to post this information at the places where people fish. Fish consumption advisories are posted inconsistently in mercury-contaminated watersheds across the state, which can create the false perception that at locations where advisories are not posted, the fish must be safe to eat.

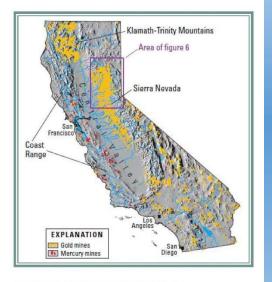


BY THE NUMBERS

In 3 YEARS, 60 VOLUNTEERS have posted nearly 100 LOCATIONS at over 20 WATER BODIES in 5 WATERSHEDS in the Sierra. 9 TARGET WATER BODIES have been posted in 2 LANGUAGES, Spanish and English.

NEXT STEPS

Informed by three years of organizing Post It Day, TSF published a model protocol outlining the steps and best practices to plan and execute regional fish consumption advisory posting events. TSF will continue to present the protocol to agencies in mercury-impacted watersheds to encourage robust posting of fish consumption advisories statewide. OEHHA frequently issues new site-specific advisories, and TSF will leverage the momentum around these releases by identifying and contacting regional entities who may be uniquely situated to lead posting events.



Map Source: USGS Fact Sheet 2005 3014 v1.1

Mercury was mined from California's Coast Range and transported to the Sierra Nevada to improve gold recovery, as mercury is an amalgam to gold.

THANK YOU PROJECT FUNDERS!

Past and present project funders include: Clarence E. Heller Charitable Foundation, California Department of Water Resources, California Environmental Protection Agency, California Wellness Foundation and Rose Foundation for Communities and the Environment.













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